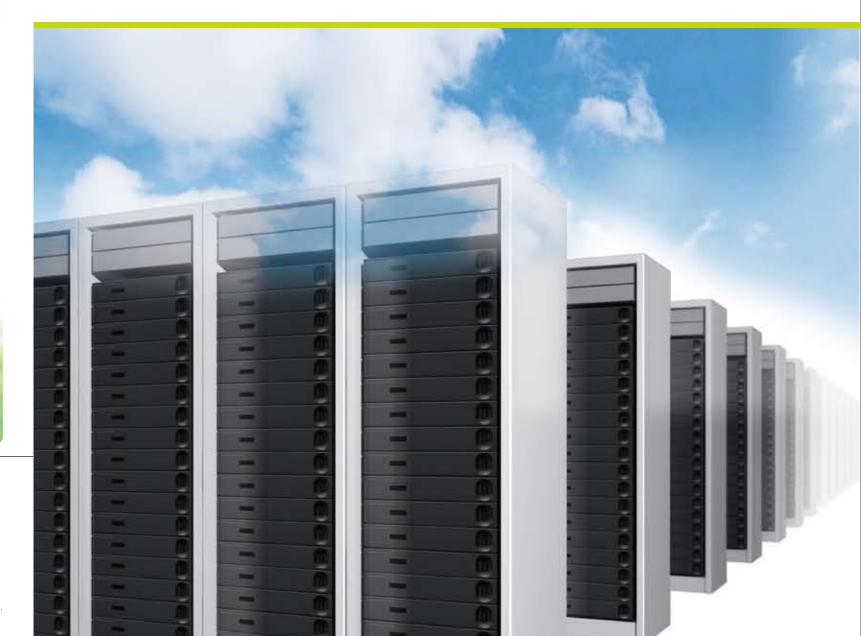


Storage Battery System Using Lithium-ion Batteries





Worldwide Expansion of Storage Battery System Applications





The Smart Energy System combines our technologies for energy creation (photovoltaic modules), energy storage (rechargeable batteries), and energy saving (efficient energy usage). The system stores electricity generated by photovoltaic modules as well as low-cost late-night power in lithium-ion batteries. By controlling electrical usage in the most efficient way possible, the Smart Energy System reduces facility CO₂ emissions and power consumption.

[North America (USA, Canada)] SANYO North America Corporation Solar and Smart Energy Division email: SmartEnergySystem@us.panasonic.com [Europe] SANYO Component Europe GmbH Mobile Energy Business Division Smart Energy Systems Department email: info.ses@eu.panasonic.com [Other area] SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. International Sales & Marketing Headquarters email:info_ses@jp.panasonic.com

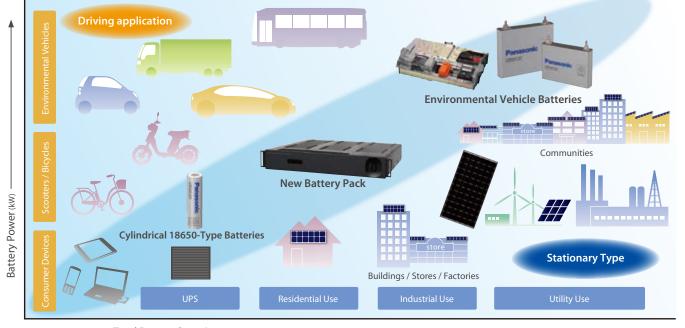
The contents of this catalogue are current as of June 2012.

Smart Energy Storage System: A scalable power storage system for multiple energy storage applications

Based on Panasonic's unique technology development abilities, production technology, and global supply chain, the company has achieved and maintained a major share of the global lithium-ion battery market. Offering an extensive lineup of lithium-ion batteries ranging from small applications such as consumer batteries for laptop computers, to larger applications such as the batteries used in environmental vehicles, Panasonic is a leading company in battery technology for various applications.

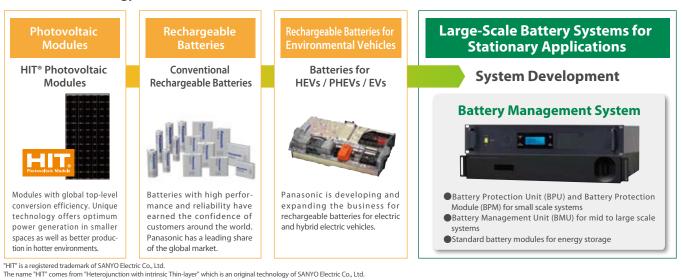
In addition, Panasonic is a leader in the development and production of photovoltaic modules. Now, based on this foundation, Panasonic has entered the market for Smart Energy Storage Systems, adding a fourth key product area to already established presence in photovoltaic modules, rechargeable batteries, and batteries for electric and hybrid electric vehicles. Looking forward to future expansion in the renewable energy storage market, Panasonic will use its leading Smart Energy Storage System to maximize customer satisfaction with "coordination and integration" technologies actively tailored to meet customer needs.

Various applications for rechargeable batteries



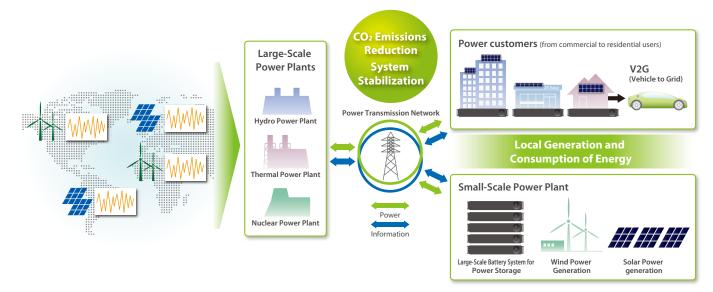
Total Battery Capacity (kWh) -

Panasonic's Energy Business



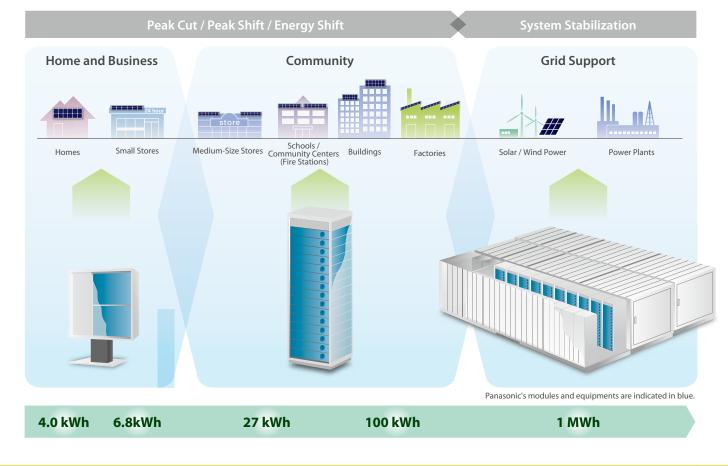
To realize a low-carbon society of the future

As utility companies begin the large-scale introduction of renewable energy to the grid, Smart Energy Storage Systems will become a key component. This is because renewable energy sources can cause instability with fluctuations in the power they produce. Acting as a stabilizer for renewable energy, the Smart Energy Storage Systems will serve as an energy storage source and play a critical role in the low-carbon society of the future.



Scalable solutions for various needs in the utility grid

Comprised of storage batteries and control units to manage charging and discharging, Panasonic's Smart Energy Storage System is suitable for various applications (e.g. Residential Energy Storage, Community Energy Storage, Utility scale ancillary services, etc.). Through the unique control method and know-how of managing energy storage, the system can control systems with over 1,000 storage batteries as part of a 1-MWh or greater system.



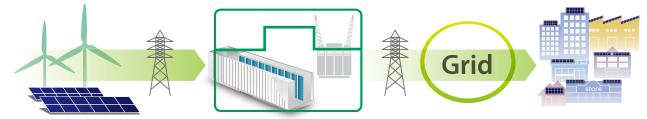
Grid Support Solutions for the large-scale introduction of renewable energy! Solutions for severe power fluctuations Solutions for frequency regulation Solutions for peak-power demand **1-MW System**

Employing Smart Energy Storage System for utility scale

Power fluctuations caused by renewable energy



Power stabilization using Smart Energy Storage System



Grid-Scale Battery System Example

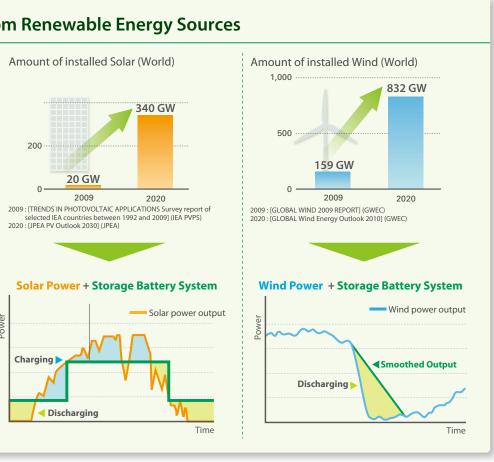
Project SIESTORAGE (Siemens Energy Storage)

Panasonic's 500 kWh battery system, consisting of 280 battery modules and battery management systems, is being used in field test as an integral part of Siemens's new SIESTORAGE module energy storage container. The SIESTORAGE is directly connected to the medium voltage grid in South Europe.

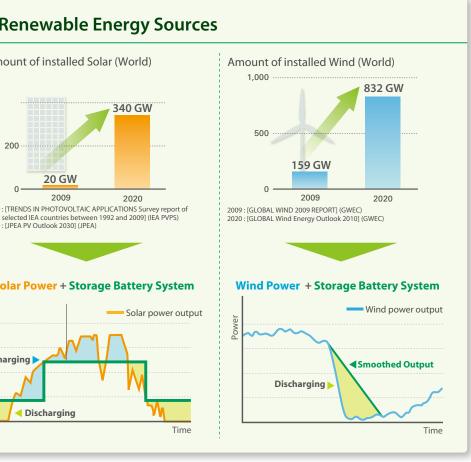


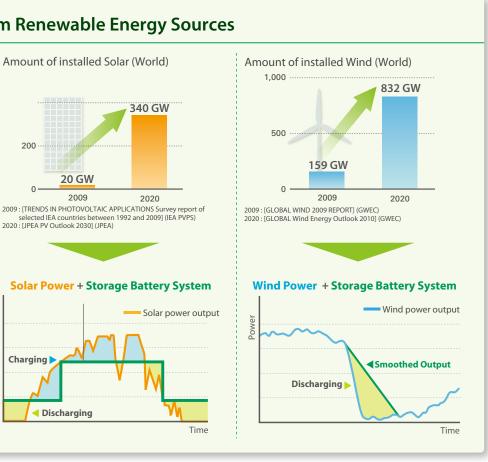
Stabilizing Power from Renewable Energy Sources

Fluctuating power and severe output changes from wind and solar energy sources can be stabilized with energy storage, providing high quality power to the grid.



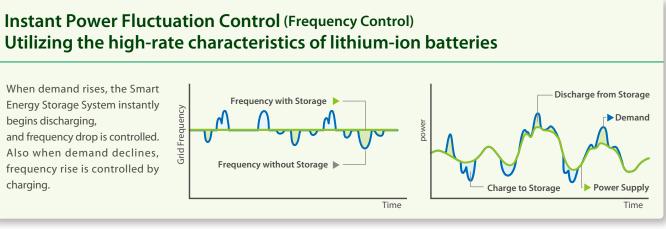


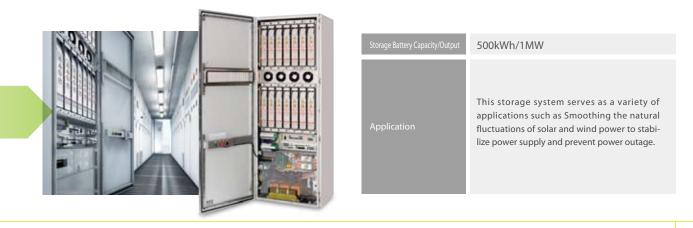




Instant Power Fluctuation Control (Frequency Control)

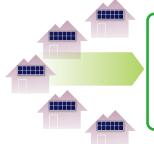
When demand rises, the Smart Energy Storage System instantly begins discharging, and frequency drop is controlled. Also when demand declines, frequency rise is controlled by charging.

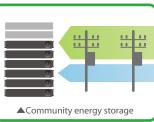






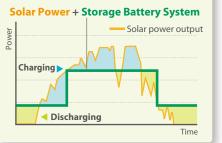
Employing Smart Energy Storage System for a power grid (Community energy storage)





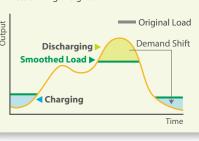
Stable Power Output

Use fluctuating power from wind and solar sources to charge storage batteries, effectively stabilizing power to the grid.



Peak Demand Shift

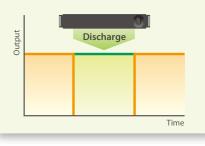
Power generated at night charges the Smart Energy Storage System, and is discharged during the daytime, shifting the peak demand and stabilizing the grid.



Backup Power Source during Outages

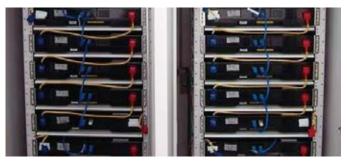
Grid

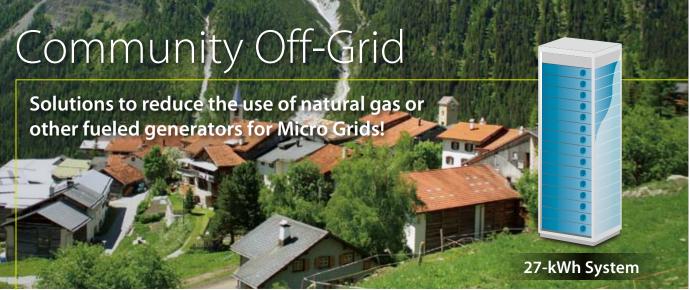
Power from the battery storage system can also serve as a backup power source in the event of a power outage.



Medium-Scale Power System Example University (USA)

Panasonic is conducting a demonstration project with a University in the United States, where we combine the Smart Energy Storage System with a technology to forecast the output of solar generation. This demonstration project is aiming to contribute to the stable and reliable supply of electricity in an area with high level renewable penetration.

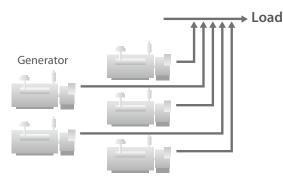






Employing Smart Energy Storage System in combination with natural gas or other fueled generators

Natural gas or other fueled generator output used to meet fluctuations in power demand

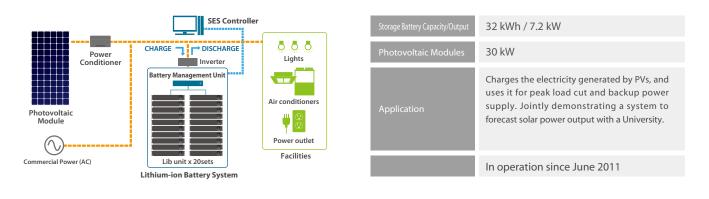


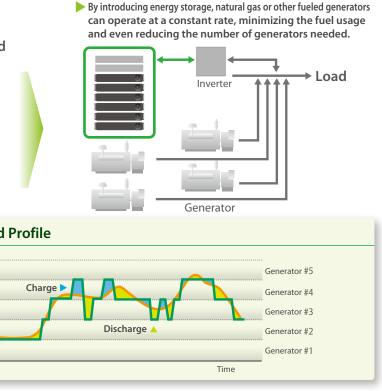
Generator with Battery Management & Load Profile

Load averaging is achieved by adding Smart Energy Storage System, reducing diesel fuel consumption. This can realize reduction of the number of natural gas or other fueled generators.



Energy usage Generator operating capacity





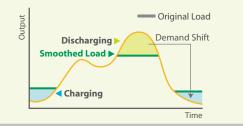


Employing Smart Energy Storage System for buildings, factories, and schools



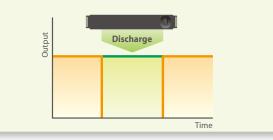
Peak Demand Shift

Power stored during off-peak, late-night hours in the battery storage system is discharged during daytime peak demand, effectively shifting the peak demand.



Backup Power Source during Outages

Power from the storage system can be used as a backup power source in the event of a power outage.



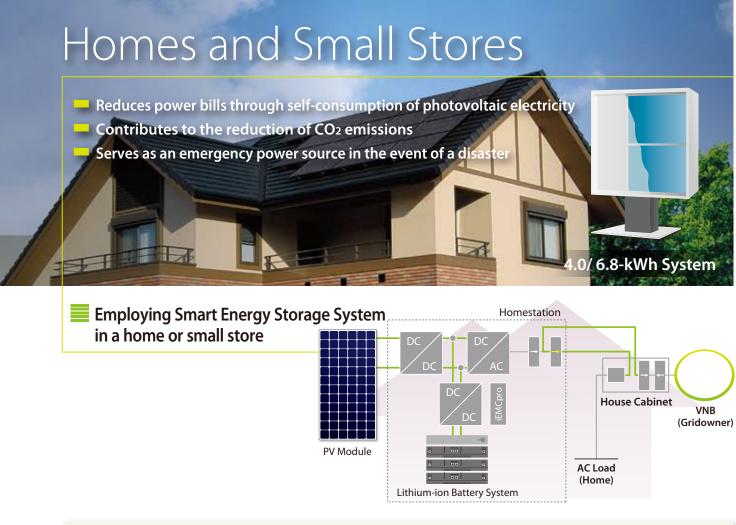
Facility UPS

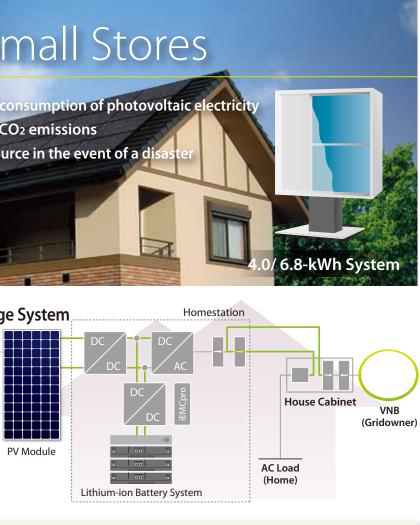
When there is a power outage, the lithium-ion battery storage system can operate as a UPS system to bridge the operation of critical systems until the power returns or a backup generator starts.

Installation example:

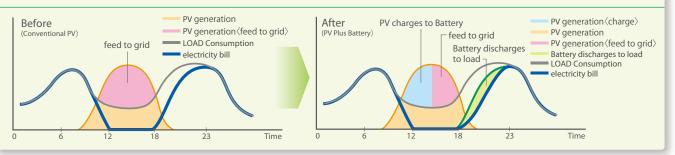
TV and radio stations operating during severe weather conditions Fire and rescue dispatch systems

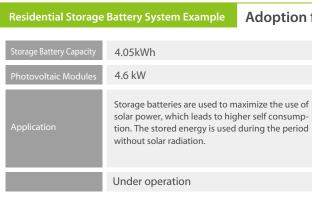






Shifting peak demand usage by combining photovoltaic modules and Smart Energy Storage System; maximizing consumption of photovoltaic module power

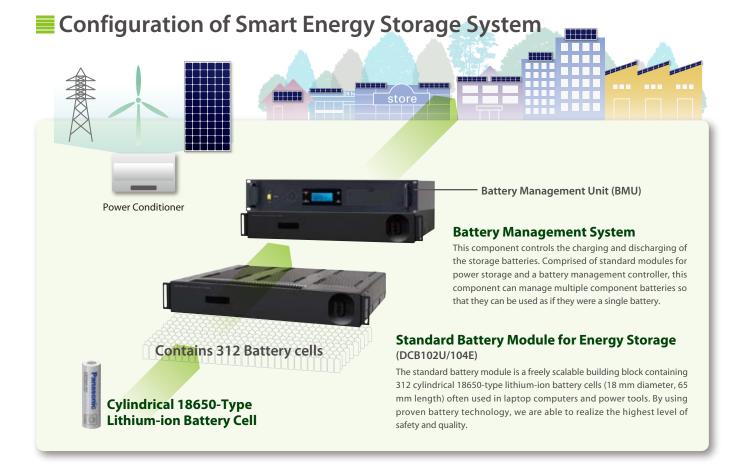




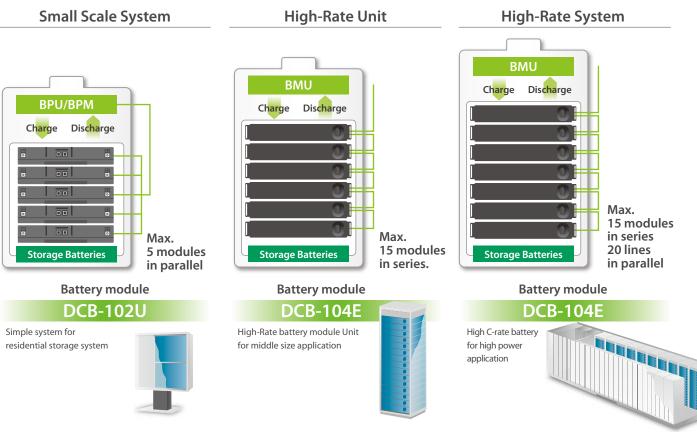
Adoption for Home System (Germany)







Technology Features



Panasonic's Kasai Green Energy Park (Japan) 🚯 green energy park

In the power storage building at the Kasai Green Energy Park, there are more than 800 standard battery modules, each with an output of 1.6kWh. Panasonic has developed one of the world's top level power systems with the Lithium Mega Storage System at the site. Efficiently controlled energy generated from photovoltaic modules, as well as energy provided through off-peak, late-night grid power stored in these storage batteries, is utilized through optimal energy management.



Storage Battery Capacity/Output	1.5 MWh / 288 kW
Photovoltaic Modules	1 MW
Application	Peak shaving: Store late-night power from the grid and surplus solar power for daytime use in the Kasai Green Energy Park
	In operation since October 2010

Accomplishment of average 17% peak shaving in July, 2011

Average peak shaving rate is 17% in Peak hour of electricity demand (13:00 ~ 16:00)
Annual utility charge reduction effect (preliminary calculation) is about 3.5 million yen

